

ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOX

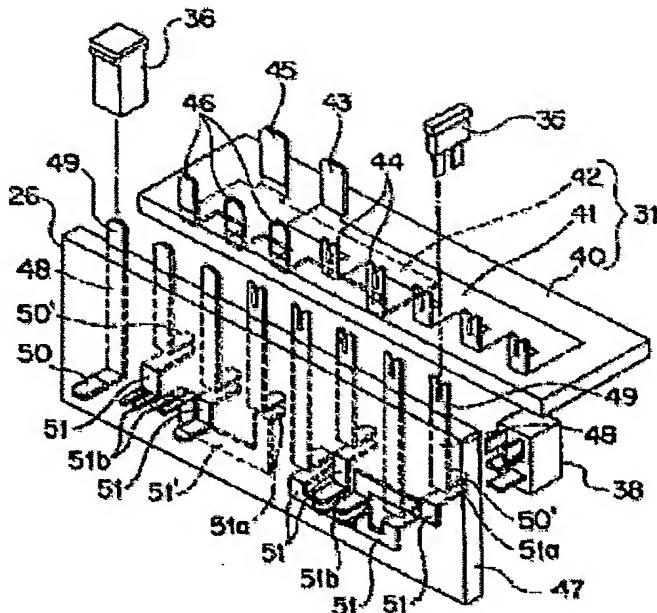
Publication number: JP11285132
Publication date: 1999-10-15
Inventor: SAIMOTO TETSURO
Applicant: YAZAKI CORP
Classification:
- **international:** H02G3/16; H02G3/16; (IPC1-7): H02G3/16
- **European:**
Application number: JP19980082083 19980327
Priority number(s): JP19980082083 19980327

[Report a data error here](#)

Abstract of JP11285132

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an electrical junction box which does not have densely mounted electrical components on its upper surface and, furthermore, does not use stepped tabs which may cause troubles.

SOLUTION: An upper wiring board 31, composed of an insulating board 40 and bus-bars 41 and 42 which are provided on the insulating board 40 and have standing tabs 43-46 formed on their ends and a standing wiring board 26 composed of an insulating board 47 which is placed in a state of crossing with respect to the upper wiring board 31 and a plurality of bus-bars 48 which are provided on the insulating board 47 which have bent tabs 50 and 51' formed respectively on their lower parts, protruding from both the sides of the insulating board 47 and have flat tabs 49 extending upward are provided in the case of an electrical junction box. Both the end parts of the bent tabs 50 and 50' protrude into attachment parts provided on both the sides of the case to be electrically connected to electrical components which do not require frequent maintenance.



Data supplied from the **esp@cenet** database - Worldwide



(19)

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

(11) Publication number 11285132 A

卷之三

(43) Date of publication of application: 15.10.99

11280 2112

(21) Application number 10082083

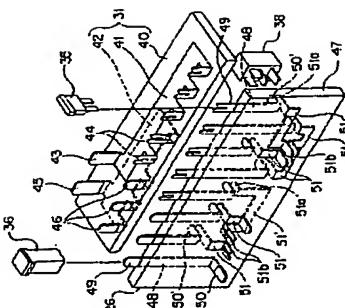
(22) Date of filing: 27.03.98

111

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an electrical junction box which does not have densely mounted electrical components on its upper surface and, furthermore, does not use stepped tabs which may cause troubles.

SOLUTION: An upper wing board 31, composed of an insulating board 40 and bus-bars 41 and 42 which are provided on the insulating board 40 and have standing tabs 43-46 formed on their ends and a standing wing board 26 composed of an insulating board 47 which is placed in a state of crossing with respect to the upper wing board 31 and a plurality of bus-bars 48 which are provided on the insulating board 47 which have bent tabs 50 and 51, formed respectively on their lower parts, protruding from both the sides of the insulating board 47 and have flat tabs 49 extending upward are provided in the case of an electrical junction box. Both the end parts of the bent tabs 50 and 51' protrude into attachment parts provided on both the sides of the case to be electrically connected to electrical components which do not require frequent maintenance.



GIBBON, JOHN 180

(51) Int. Cl. H02G 3/16

(24) Animation number: 100090092 Announce: YAZAKI CO., LTD.

(22) Date of filing: 27.03.98
(72) Inventor: SAWATO TETSURO

卷之三

Sect. 3. Abstraction

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an electrical

The diagram shows a junction box with several electrical components. Callouts numbered 42 through 49 point to various parts of the assembly, including a handle, a screw, a terminal block, and different wires.

267

in the case of an electrical junction box. Both the end parts of the bent tabs 50 and 50' protrude into attachment parts provided on both the sides of the case 10 to be electrically connected to electrical components which do not require frequent maintenance.

Disclaimer:
This English translation is produced by machine translation and may contain errors. The JPO, the NPI, and those who drafted this document in the original language, are not responsible for the result of the translation.

Notes:
1. Untranslatable words are replaced with asterisks (* * *).
2. Texts in the figures are not translated and shown as it is.

Translated: 18.31.25.151 (5.14.2008)
Dictionary: Last updated 14.21.12.2008 : Priority

FULL CONTENTS

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] The case where the insertion section of an electrical part required for a maintenance is arranged in a top face, and the insertion section of other electrical parts is prepared in a side face. The upper wiring plate with which crookedness formation of the standing up tab which two or more busbars are arranged by the electric insulating plate held in this case, and projects at the edge of this busbar at the insertion circles of said top face is carried out. It is formed by the crookedness tab which two or more busbars are arranged by the electric insulating plate arranged in the shape of intersection to this upper wiring plate, and projects at one edge of this busbar at the insertion circles of said side face, and [the other-end section] The electric junction box characterized by having the standing-up patchboard with which the flat-surface tab which projects in the insertion circles of said top face is formed.

[Claim 2] It is the electric junction box according to claim 1 characterized by the upper bed edge of said standing-up patchboard intersecting the edge of said upper wiring plate.

[Claim 3] It is the electric junction box according to claim 1 characterized by piling up two or more sheets of said standing-up patchboard, and an upper bed edge intersecting the parts intermedia of said upper wiring plate.

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the electric junction box used for wiring of an automobile etc.

[0002]

[Description of the Prior Art] Drawing 7 is the electric junction box A1 of conventional parallel. [two or more patchboards 1 which are exploded perspective views and arranged two or more busbars 3 in the electric insulating plate 2] It is stored by the laminating condition inside the lower cover 4, the standing-up tab 2a crooked in the upper part from the edge of busbar 3 penetrates the electric insulating plate 2 laminated up, and the relay terminal 5 is attached in a projection and its point from the surface of the patchboard 1 of the top layer. Electrical connection of the suspension tab (not shown) crooked from the edge of busbar 3 is carried out to the connector (not shown) which penetrates the electric insulating plate 2 laminated caudad, and is inserted in the connector insertion section 6 of the lower cover 4.

[0003] The connector insertion section which a fuse 8, a fusible link 9, and relay 10 grade are inserted in the top face of the up covering 7 put on the laminated patchboard 1, in addition holds the terminal connector of wire harness is prepared, and these electrical machinery and apparatus are connected to busbar 3 through the relay terminal 5. [with loading of the electronic unit which contained the increase in the number of internal circuitries and the

control circuit of these electronic autoparts by marked increase of mounted electronic autoparts] Since there were a problem which runs short of the insertion tooth spaces of the each electrical machinery and apparatus and wire harness which are carried in the top face of the up covering 7, and problems, such as installation density becoming high and receiving heat interference, the insertion section could be prepared also in the side face of the electric junction box.

[0004] As an electric junction box with which the insertion section is prepared also in a side face, the technique of a description etc. is, for example in a publication of unexamined utility model application Heisei 4-61417 number and JP,H5-3619,A, electric junction box A2 indicated in the publication of unexamined utility model application Heisei 4-61417 number As shown in the exploded perspective view of drawing 8, it consists of the laminating busbar patchboard B and insulating case C which holds this, insulating case C -- upper housing Ca, the lower casing Cb, and flank case Cc being constituted -- flank case Cc * * * -- two or more fuse cavities 11 and two or more connector insertion sections 12 are formed.

[0005] The laminating busbar patchboard B consists of the electric insulating plate 13 of two sheets, two or more busbars 14 arranged in up-and-down both sides and the interface of 13' and an electric insulating plate 13, a side board 15 installed in the 1 side of 13', 15', etc. There are the level difference tab 16 crooked in crank form in parts intermedia since a head corresponded to the fuse cavity 11 and the connector insertion section 12, and a flat-surface tab 17 which is not crooked in crank form in busbar 14. The level difference tab 16 and the same level difference tab are used also for the electric junction box given in JP,H5-3619,A. [0006]

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] In order to carry out crookedness processing of the parts intermedia at crank form, the problem to which processing becomes complicated, the problem to which dimensional accuracy worsens, the problem to which the assemblyability of the busbar 14 which has the level difference tab 16 worsens, etc. produce the level difference tab 16. This invention offers the electric junction box which does not use the level difference tab which moreover had the above problems, without clustering loading of an electrical part in a top face for the purpose of solving this technical problem.

[0007]

[Means for Solving the Problem] In order to attain the above-mentioned object, [the electrical connection of this invention] The case where the insertion section of an electrical part required for a maintenance is arranged in a top face, and the insertion section of other electrical parts is prepared in a side face, The upper wiring plate with which crookedness formation of the standing-up tab which two or more busbars are arranged by the electric insulating plate held in this case, and projects at the edge of this busbar at the insertion circles of said top face is carried out. It is formed by the crookedness tab which two or more busbars are arranged by the electric insulating plate held in this case, and projects at the edge of this busbar at the insertion circles of said top face is carried out. It is formed by the crookedness tab which two or more busbars are arranged by the electric insulating plate arranged in the shape of intersection to this upper wiring plate, and projects at one edge of this busbar at the insertion circles of said side face, and [the other-end section] It is characterized by having the standing-up patchboard with which the flat-surface tab which projects in the insertion circles of said top face is formed.

[0008] The upper bed edge of said standing-up patchboard can be constituted so that the upper bed edge of said standing-up patchboard which can consider as the composition which intersects the edge of said upper wiring plate, or was piled up two or more sheets may intersect the parts intermedia of said upper wiring plate.

[0009]

[Embodiment of the Invention] The example of the form of implementation of invention is hereafter explained with reference to Drawings. Drawing 1 is electric junction box C1 which shows the 1st work example of this invention. It is drawing of longitudinal section and drawing 2 is the exploded perspective view of drawing 1. As shown in drawing 2, it is electric junction box C1. [a case 20] It is constituted by the L typeface-like side cover 21 by

which the transverse wall section 21b is formed in the upper bed of the vertical wall 21a, the side cover 22 which polymerizes in the vertical wall 21a, and the main cover 23 put on the side covers 21 and 22 which polymerized.

[0010] The locking projection 24 by which an inclined plane 24a is formed in the direction of a side cover 21, and a lock face 24b is formed in an opposite hand protrudes on the end face of a side cover 22, and [the end face of a side cover 21] The locking piece 25 which projects in the direction of a side cover 22, is formed, and the stop hole 25a is formed in a locking piece 25. Therefore, when side covers 21 and 22 are polymerized, the locking projection 24 inserts into the stop hole 25a, both the side covers 21 and 22 are combined, and the space which holds the standing-up patchboard 26 in the interior is formed.

[0011] [the field of one field (in drawing 1 , it is right-hand side) of the standing-up patchboard 26 held in the interior of side covers 21 and 22] Contacting the base of the relay insertion sections 27 and 27 established in the vertical wall 21a of the side cover 21, the field of another side contacts the base of the connector insertion section 28 established in the side cover 22. A main cover 23 is put on the top face of side covers 21 and 22, and the locking projection 29 prepared in the peripheral wall surface of side covers 21 and 22 inserts into the stop hole 30 prepared in the main cover 23. A main cover 23 fixes in side covers 21 and 22, and the space which holds the upper wiring plate 31 (refer to drawing 1 and drawing 3) in the interior is formed.

[0012] The top face of a main cover 23 is a field which is easy to maintain. The fuse insertion section 32, the fusible link insertion section 33, and the relay insertion section 34 which insert the fuse 35, the fusible link 36, and relay 37 which are an electrical part required for a maintenance, respectively are prepared in this field (refer to drawing 1 - drawing 3). On the other hand, since the relay 38 and connector 39 which seldom need a maintenance are inserted in the relay insertion section 27 of the side face of a case 20, and the connector insertion section 28, the installation density of the electrical part installed in the top face of a main cover 23 is eased, and problems, such as receiving heat interference, are solved.

[0013] As shown in drawing 3 , as for the upper wiring plate 31, busbars 41 and 42 are arranged by the electric insulating plate 40. The standing-up tabs 43 and 44 crooked up are formed in the edge of busbar 41. The standing-up tabs 45 and 46 crooked in the upper part from the edge of busbar 42 penetrate an electric insulating plate 40, the point of the standing-up tabs 43-46 is inserted in the insertion sections 32-34 of a main cover 23, and electrical connection is carried out to an electrical part required for a maintenance.

[0014] The standing-up patchboard 26 is in the state to which the upper bed section contacted the end (left end) of the upper wiring plate 31. Two or more busbars 48 of a rising state are horizontally arranged by the electric insulating plate 47 which intersects a right angle mostly to the upper wiring plate 31, and the flat-surface tab 49 formed in the upper bed of each busbar 48 is inserted in it at the insertion section 32 of a main cover 23. Electrical connection of the flat-surface tab 49 inserted in the insertion section 32 is carried out through the standing-up tabs 44 and 46 and fuse 35 of busbars 41 and 42 which are inserted in the insertion section 32, or a relay terminal.

[0015] The crookedness tab 50 which is crooked leftward and projects in drawing 3 , and crookedness tab 50' which crooks and projects rightward are prepared in the soffit of two or more busbars 48. Under the crookedness tab 50 and 50', the busbar 51 of various configurations and 51' are prepared, busbar 51 is arranged in the field on the left-hand side of an electric insulating plate 47 in drawing 3 , and busbar 51' is arranged in the field on the right-hand side of an electric insulating plate 47. The crookedness tab 51a which is crooked and projects on the right-hand side of an electric insulating plate 47, and the crookedness tab 51b which crooks and projects leftward are formed in the both ends of busbar 51 and 51'.

[0016] It is crooked leftward, and it connects with the connector 39 of the connector insertion section 28, and the projecting crookedness tabs 50 and 51b connect crookedness tab 50' and

the crookedness tab 51a to the relay 38 of the relay insertion section 27. As mentioned above, since the electrical part which seldom needs a maintenance was attached to the side face of electric junction box C1, it is electric junction box C1. The thermal engine performance of the electrical part which can miniaturize a top face conventionally and is installed in a top face improves.

[0017] Drawing 4 is electric junction box C2 of the 2nd work example of this invention. It is drawing of longitudinal section and is electric junction box C1 of the 1st work example. [a different point] It is having combined the upper bed of the standing-up patchboards 26 and 26 piled up two or more sheets (this example two sheets) so that the parts intermedia of the underside of the upper wiring plate 31 might be contacted (refer to drawing 5), and the configuration of a case 20 is different with a difference of this combination state.

[0018] As shown in drawing 4 , it is electric junction box C2. [a case] It is constituted by the L typeface-like side cover 52 by which the transverse wall section 52b is formed in the upper bed of the vertical wall 52a, the L typeface-like side cover 53 by which the transverse wall section 53b is formed in the upper bed of the vertical wall 53a, and the main cover 54 put on the side covers 52 and 53 which polymerized. The fuse insertion section 32 is formed in a main cover 54 at two rows, and the flat-surface tab 49 which projects in the upper part from each standing-up patchboard 26 and 26 projects in the fuse insertion section 32 of each train (refer to drawing 5 and drawing 6).

[0019] Since the fuse insertion section 32 is formed in a main cover 54 at two rows, the die length of main cover 54 longitudinal direction can be shortened, and it is electric junction box C2. It can miniaturize. Moreover, since one of the flat-surface tabs 49 of two or more standing-up patchboards (this example two) 26 can be chosen and connected, there is an advantage which the degree of freedom of circuit *** increases.

[0020] The relay insertion section 34 and the fusible link insertion section (not shown) are prepared in the top face of a main cover 54. It is the same as that of the 1st work example that the crookedness tab 50 which the relay insertion section 27 was formed in the side cover 52, and the connector insertion section 28 was formed in the side cover 53, and projected from the standing-up patchboards 26 and 26, and 50' are inserted in the connector insertion section 28 and the relay insertion section 27.

[0021]

[Effect of the Invention] Since this invention is constituted as stated above, effectiveness which is indicated below is done so.

(1) Even if the electronic autoparts installed in a case by installing only an electrical part required for a maintenance in the top face which a case tends to maintain, and preparing other electrical parts in the side face of a case increased rapidly, the installation density on the top face of a case became high, and it stopped producing the conventional problems, such as receiving heat interference.

(2) Arrange the upper wiring plate and standing-up patchboard which prepared busbar in the electric insulating plate in the shape of intersection. The crookedness tab with which crookedness formation of the standing-up tab is carried out at the busbar of an upper wiring plate, it is crooked from the edge of busbar in a standing-up patchboard, and a head is inserted in the insertion section of the side face of a case. Since the flat-surface tab with which a projection head is inserted in the insertion section on the top face of a case plane from the edge of busbar was formed, it becomes unnecessary to use the level difference tab crooked in crank form in medium like the conventional electric junction box which prepared the insertion section in the side face of the case, and the assemblability of busbar improves.

(3) when a standing-up patchboard is made into two or more sheet superposition The

advantage which can shorten the top face of a case since the insertion section arranged on the case top face can be made into two or more rows, and the advantage which the degree of freedom which chooses the tab which projects in the upper part produces. Since many

crookedness tabs can be made to project from both sides of the standing-up patchboard of superposition, the structure of a standing-up patchboard can simplify and there is an advantage which can reduce parts manufacturing and manage with a group.

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Drawing 1] It is drawing of longitudinal section of the electric junction box in which the 1st work example of this invention is shown.

[Drawing 2] It is the exploded perspective view of drawing 1.

[Drawing 3] It is a perspective view explaining the structure of the patchboard arranged on intersection of drawing 1.

[Drawing 4] It is drawing of longitudinal section of the electric junction box in which the 2nd work example of this invention is shown.

[Drawing 5] It is the perspective view of the electric junction box of the 2nd work example of inside with a group.

[Drawing 6] It is important section drawing of longitudinal section of the patchboard arranged on intersection of the electric junction box of the 2nd work example.

[Drawing 7] It is the exploded perspective view of the electric junction box of conventional parallel.

[Drawing 8] It is the exploded perspective view of the electric junction box of other conventional parallel.

[Description of Notations]

C1, C2 Electric junction box

20 Case

21, 22, 52, 53 Side cover

23, 54 Main cover

26 Standing-Up Patchboard

27 Relay Insertion Section

28 Connector Insertion Section

31 Upper Wiring Plate

32 Fuse Insertion Section

33 Fusible Link Insertion Section

34 Relay Insertion Section

36 Fusible Link

37 Relay

40, 47 Electric insulating plate

41, 42, 48 Busbar

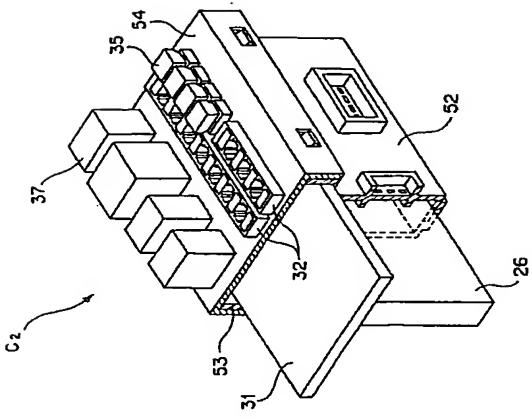
43, 44, 45, 46 Standing-up tab

49 Flat-Surface Tab

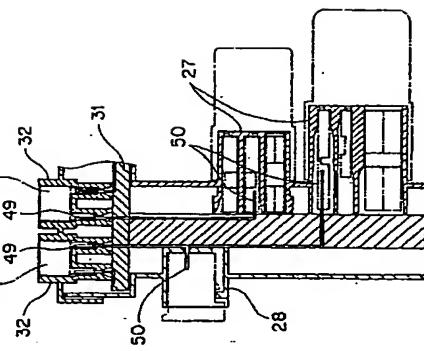
38 Relay

39 Connector

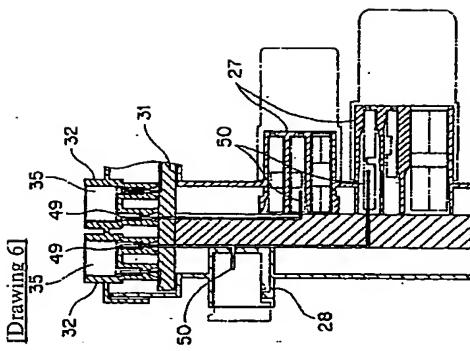
50 Crookedness Tab



[Drawing 1]

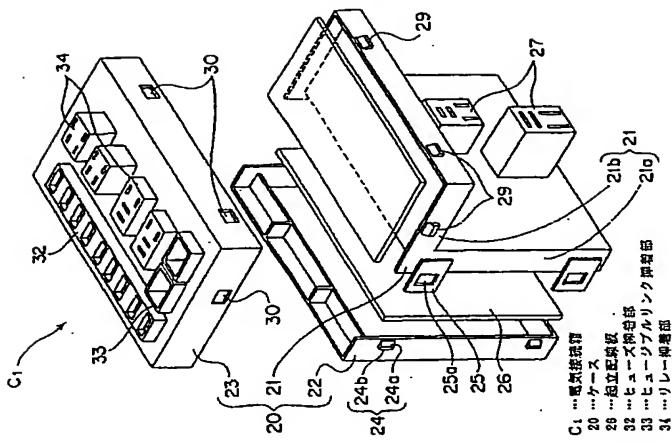


[Drawing 1]



[Drawing 1]

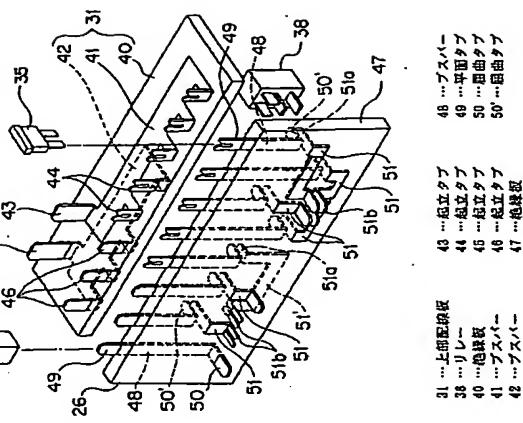
[Drawing 5]



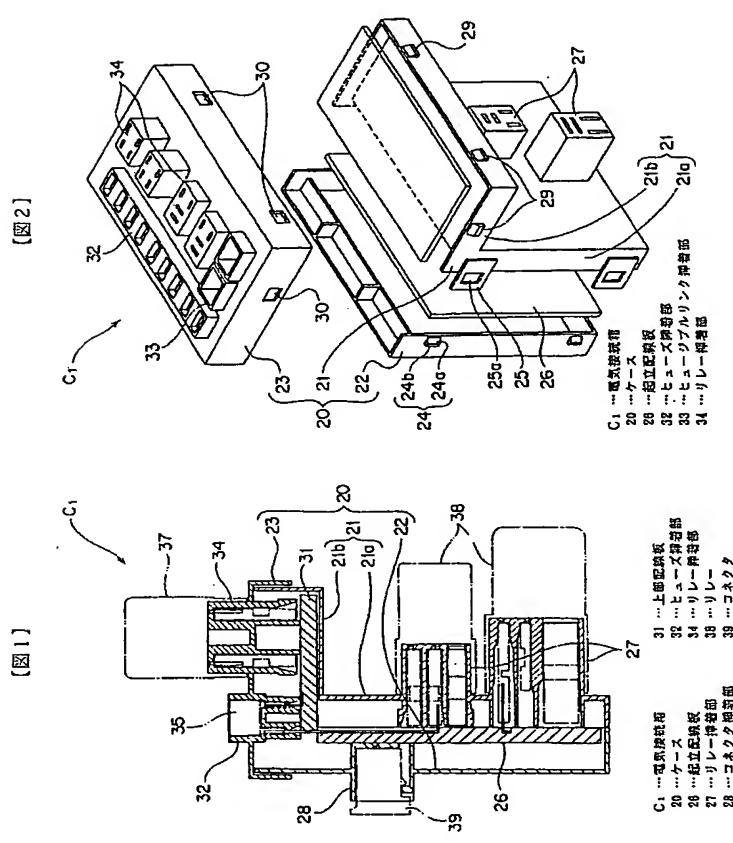
[Drawing 3] 36

C1 ... 電気接続部
20 ... ケース
21 ... 直立配線板
22 ... ヒューズ保持部
23 ... リレー保持部
24 ... リレー保持部
25 ... リレー保持部
26 ... リレー保持部
27 ... コネクタ保持部
31 ... 上部配線板
32 ... ヒューズ保持部
33 ... リレー保持部
34 ... リレー保持部
35 ... リレー保持部
36 ... コネクタ保持部

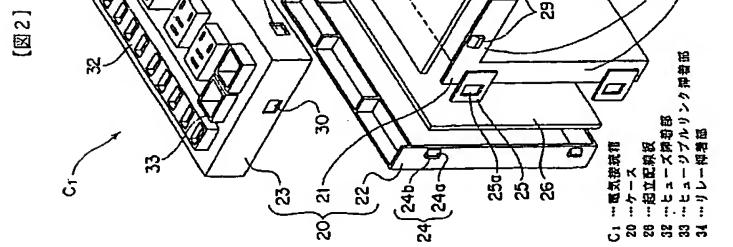
[Drawing 2]



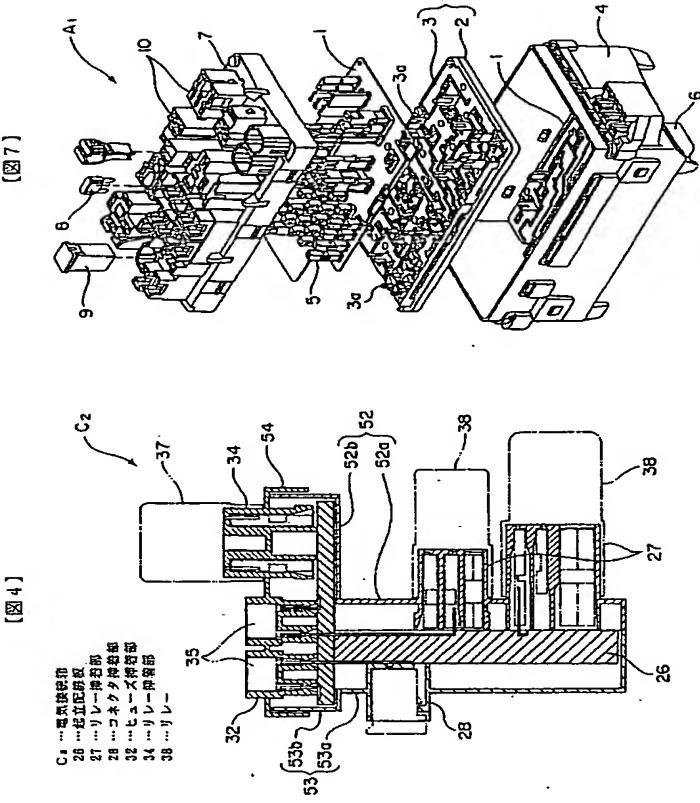
[Drawing 4]



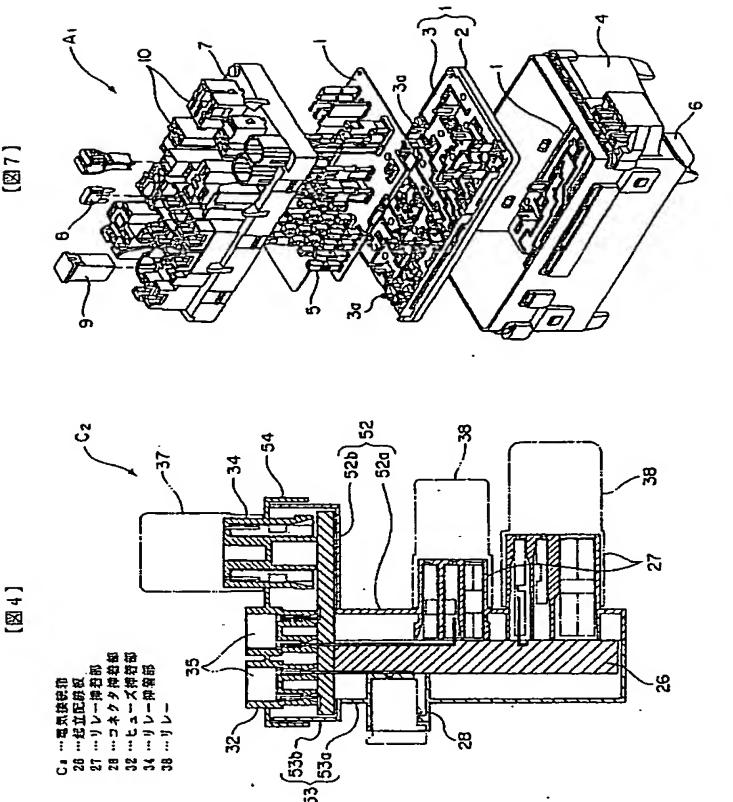
11



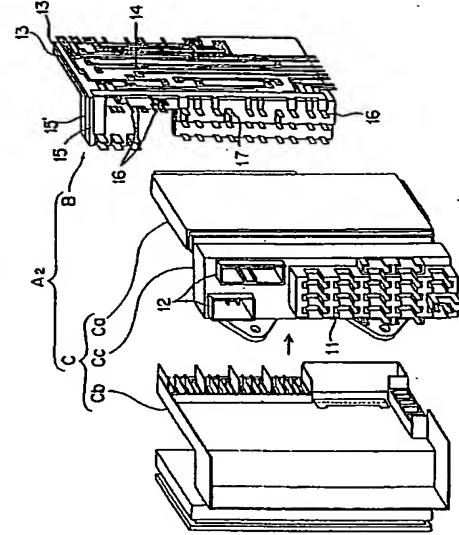
21



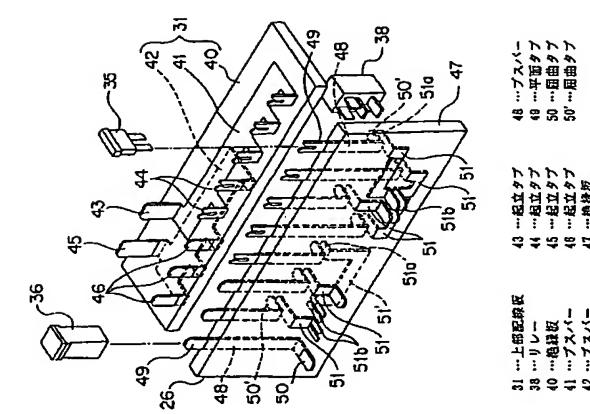
[四]



[四七]



8



[図3]

31	…上部配線板	43	…起立タブ	48	…ブスバー
38	…リレー	44	…起立タブ	49	…平面タブ
40	…電源板	45	…起立タブ	50	…曲線タブ
41	…ブスバー	46	…起立タブ	50'	…屈曲タブ
42	…ブスバー	47	…地枝板		